

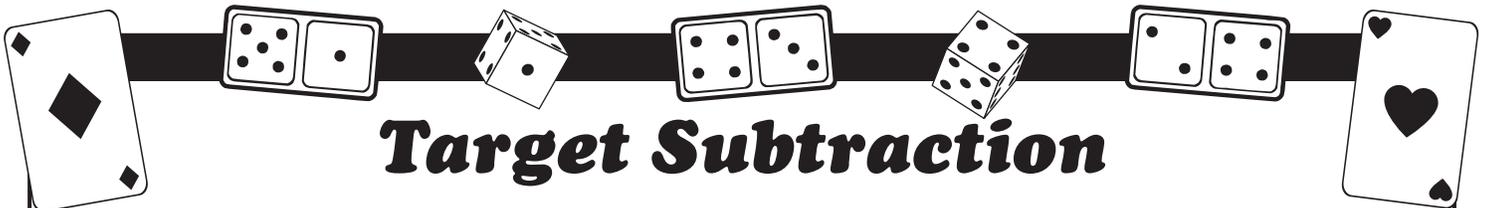


Target Addition

For this game, counters and the game board are needed. Choose a target number between 25 and 55. Determine order of play. Take turns placing a marker on one of the numbers on the board, each time announcing the total of the covered numbers. For example, if the first player covered a four, the second a three and the next player covers a two, the sum would be $4 + 3 + 2 = 9$. If the next player covered a four, the sum would be $9 + 4 = 13$. Each square may be used only once. The first player to reach the target number exactly wins. If a player goes over the target numbers, that player loses the turn. Students can easily draw a five by five grid. The teacher can always choose a target number. More than two students can play!



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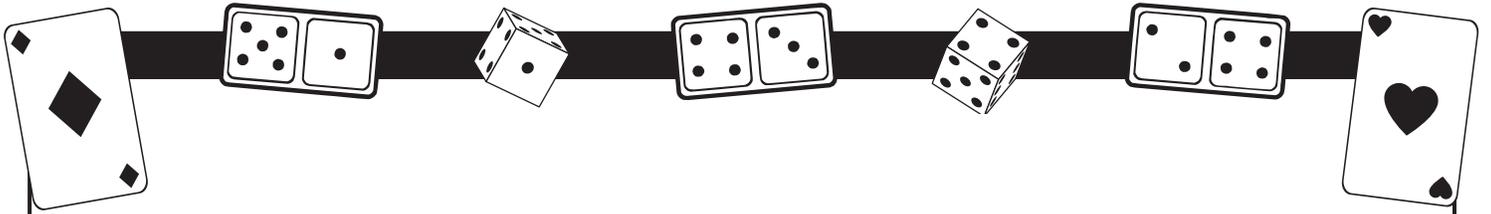


Target Subtraction

For this game, counters and the game board are needed. Choose a target number between 25 and 55. Determine order of play. Take turns placing a marker on one of the numbers on the board, each time announcing the new total after subtracting. For example, if the target number is 36, the first player covered a four, that four is subtracted from 36. Now the number to subtract from is 32. Each square may be used only once. The first player to reach zero exactly wins. Students can easily draw a five by five grid. The teacher can always choose a target number. More than two students can play! To make the game more challenging a bigger grid is drawn and more numbers are included like 7 and 8.



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5	5	5	5	5
4	4	4	4	4
3	3	3	3	3
2	2	2	2	2
1	1	1	1	1

